Test yourself...

 Can you explain the functions of the parts of a flowering plant? Draw and label a diagram.

Roots, stem/trunk, leaves, flower/blossom.

 Can you describe the life cycle of flowering plants?

Pollination, seed formation, seed dispersal, germination.

 What different methods do you know for seed dispersal? Key Learning:

Many plants (but not all) have roots, stems/trunks, leaves, flowers/blossom.

Roots: absorb water and nutrients from the soil and anchor the plant in place.

Stem: transports nutrients around the plant and holds the leaves and flowers up in the air for photosynthesis, pollination and seed dispersal.

Leaves: use sunlight and water to produce the plant's food by photosynthesis

Topic Mat

LKS2

Plants

Look at different seeds and decide what their method of dispersal would be... wind, animal or water?









Some plants produce flowers to enable reproduction.

Pollination: the transfer of pollen from the male part of the flower to the female part which makes seeds. Pollination can be by wind or insect.

Seeds: dispersed in different ways by water, wind and animals.

Germination: when seeds begin to grow

Vocabulary:

Photosynthesis, pollen, insect/wind pollination, seed formation, seed dispersal (wind dispersal, animal dispersal, water dispersal).